BOND MARKET TRENDS IN KAZAKHSTAN

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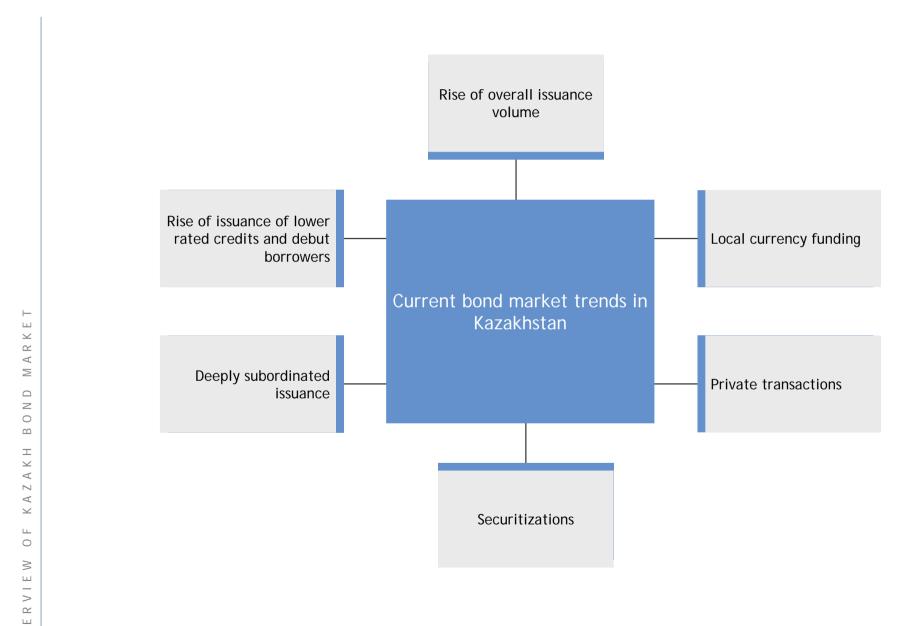
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Agenda

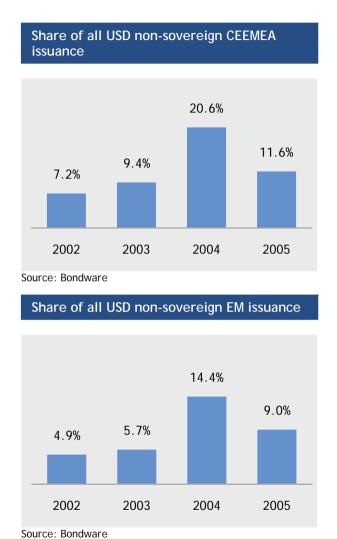
	Page
Overview of Kazakhstan's bond market	1
Appendix	8

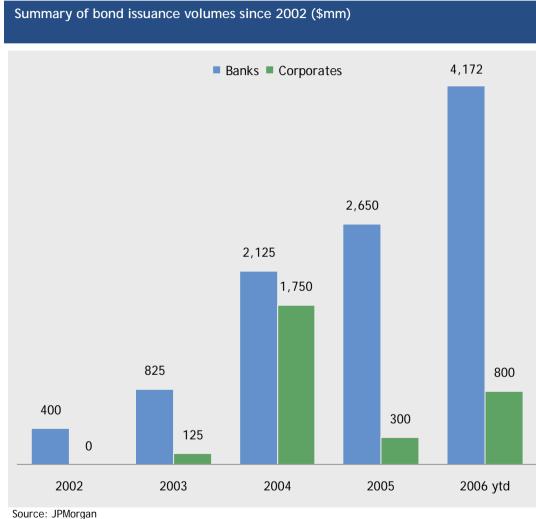
External borrowing sources for issuers from Kazakhstan evolved immensely over the past two years



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Issuance volumes have increased significantly





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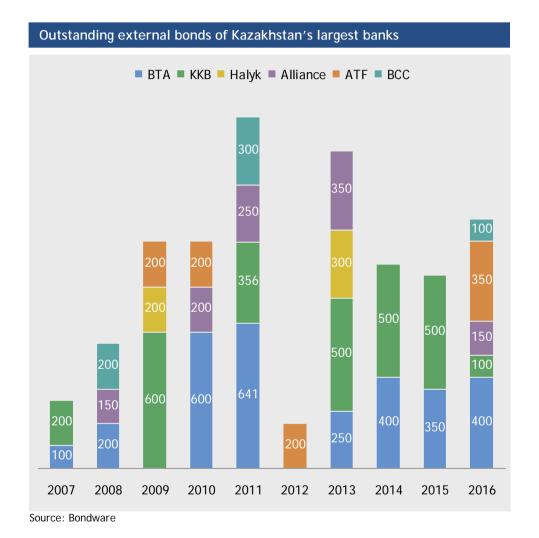
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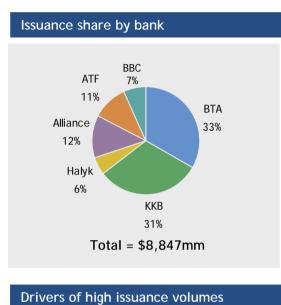
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External borrowings are a very important and attractive funding source for the private banks







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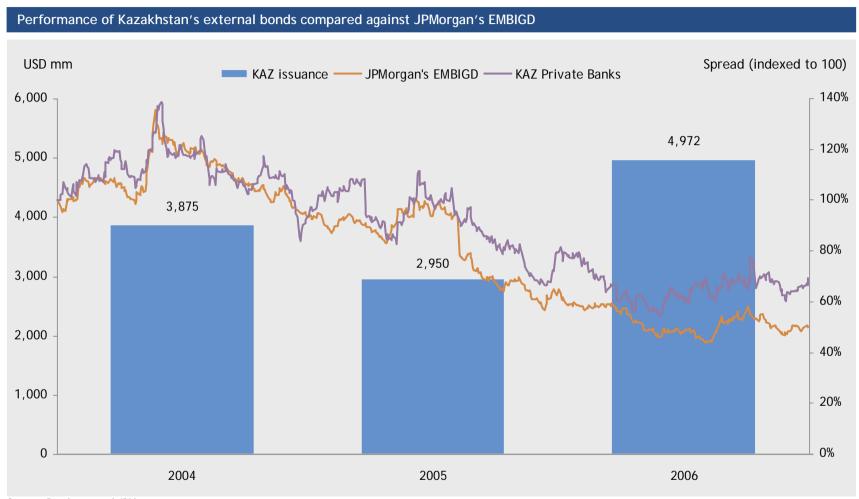
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Heavy issuance hurts secondary market performance



Source: Bondware and JPMorgan

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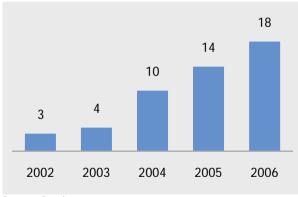
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An increased number of lower rated credits and debut borrowers are approaching the international debt capital markets

Overview of debut borrowers over the past two years					
Announceme	nt	Rating	Amount	Coupon	Private bank
date	Issuer	Moody's/Fitch/S&P	(mm)	(%)	participation
22/04/04	ATF '07	Ba1/BB-/B+	\$100	8.500	25%
30/07/04	Halyk '09	Baa1/BB+/BB+	\$200	8.125	5%
14/02/05	BCC '08	Ba1/BB-/NA	\$200	8.000	26%
21/04/05	Nurbank '08	Ba3/NA/B	\$150	9.000	24%
27/06/05	ALB '08	Ba2/BB-/NA	\$150	9.000	39%
17/10/05	Bank Caspain '08	Ba2/B+/NA	\$150	7.875	21%
16/02/06	AF '09	Ba1/BB+/NA	\$125	7.625	17%
23/03/06	Temir Bank '00	R1 /R_ /NΔ	\$150	9 250	70%

Recent subordinated issuance over the past year					
Announcement date	Issuer	Rating Moody's/Fitch/S&P	Amount (mm)	Coupon (%)	Private bank participation
27/10/05	KKB '15	Baa3/B+/B	\$100	9.200	72%
18/01/06	BTA '16	Baa3/B+/B-	\$400	8.250	55%
27/02/06	BCC '16	Ba3/NA/NA	\$100	9.125	68%
11/04/06	ALB '16	B1/BB-/NA	\$150	9.375	74%

Number of issuers from Kazakhstan



Source: Bondware

Drivers

- Risk and yield hungry investors (i.e. private banks, "carry trade")
- Competitive necessity
- Need for capital to support strong growth
- Lower stock of external sovereign debt

Given oversupply, Kazakhstan's borrowers are seeking to further diversify their investor bases in a variety of ways

New debt products		
Alternative currency funding in the international markets	Private placements	Securitzations
 BTA's and KKB's recent Eurodenominated transactions Bank CenterCredit's KZT deal BTA's PLN transaction KKB's SGD transaction 	 Placed in loan or CDS format to speculative investors Predominately KZT-denominated Higher risk appetite of banks Efficient and cost effective execution Collateralized & structured 	 DPR securitzations (i.e. KKB) Many assets securitizable (i.e. mortgages, auto loans, consumer loans, SME loans etc. Capital relief AAA-insurance/wrap Cost competitive
Exotic currency fundsEuro investors	Hedge fundsExotic currency fundsStructured finance investors	AAA investorsABS investors

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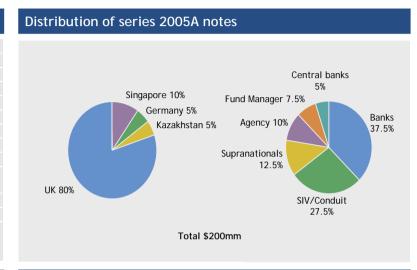
Agenda

	Pag∈
Overview of Kazakh bond market	1
Appendix	8

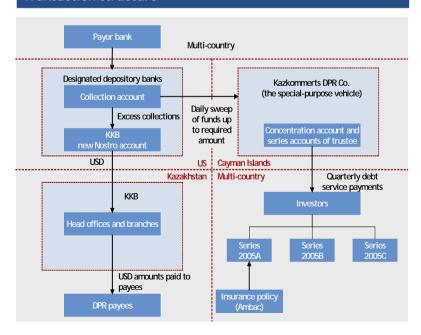
JPMorgan leads \$300 million future flow transaction in December 2005 for Kazkommertsbank



Transaction details JPMorgan and West LB Lead manager Issuer Kazkommerts DPR Company, a Cayman SPV Size \$300,000,000 JSC Kazkommertsbank of Kazakhstan Originator Legal maturity December 15, 2012 Average life 5.125 years Coupon 3-month Libor+29bps on series 2005A notes Rating AAA/Aaa from S&P and Moody's respectively on series 2005A notes Closing date December 8, 2005 Credit Ambac Assurance Corporation enhancement Assets **Diversified Payment Rights** Servicer JSC Kazkommertsbank of Kazakhstan Designated The Bank of New York, JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Citibank N.A. depository and American Express Bank Limited banks



Transaction structure



Transaction highlights

- JPMorgan successfully priced the issuance of USD 200 million floating rate notes via Kazkommerts DPR Company, a Future-Flow USD Diversified Payment Rights (DPR) Securitisation Programme for JSC Kazkommertsbank;
- The overall deal size is USD 300 million whereby USD 100 million are privately placed;
- This is the first wrapped DPR transaction out of Kazakhstan and the CIS placed into public markets, establishing an important benchmark and precedent for other regional borrowers;
- The deal was very well received by the market and saw a competitive pricing of AAA-rated series 2005A at 29bps, despite the heavy pipeline and the unprecedented large ABS supply in the primary market at year-end;
- The transaction provided lower all-in financing costs for KKB when compared to plain-vanilla Eurobond issuance; and
- The transaction strategically expanded KKB's investor base as it was placed with a very high quality investor base, which was entirely new to Kazakhstan.

Class	Amount (\$mm)	Moody's/S&P	WAL (years)	Legal final maturity	Coupon
2005A	200.00	Aaa/AAA	5.13	2012	3-month Libor + 29bps
2005B	50.00	Baa1/BBB	5.13	2012	Not offered
2005C	50.00	Baa1/BBB	5.13	2012	Not offered

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JPMorgan structures the first Hybrid Tier 1 Capital bond for an CEEMEA issuer KAZKOMMERTSBANK

Key transaction terms			
Issuer:	Kazkommerts Finance 2 B.V.		
Principal Amount:	USD 100,000,000		
Maturity date:	Perpetual NC 10		
Issue Ratings	Baa3/B/B+		
Yield:	9.20% (10-year UST + 462.7bps)		
Coupon:	9.20%		
Coupon Step-up:	3m Libor + 619.05bps		
Distribution:	Reg S/ 144A		
Optional Repayment:	2015, or on any interest payment date thereafter		
Repayment Events:	Tax reasons		
Ranking:	Senior only to equity and preference shares		
Mandatory Interest Deferral (non-cumulative):	If in breach of minimum capital adequacy threshold or liquidity ratios		
Dividend stopper:	Yes		
Listing:	London		
Denominations:	Minimum USD 150,000		
Law:	English		
Lead Managers:	JPMorgan, ING, UBS		

Transaction highlights

- Simultaneously with a senior unsecured 10-year tranche, KKB issued a USD100
 million tranche of Hybrid Tier 1 Capital bond, which is the first hybrid capital
 offering by a CIS or Central and Eastern European issuer
- This landmark transaction generated significant interest from a diverse range of accounts and provided a two-times oversubscription, which produced pricing of 9.20% in terms of yield
- This represents a very modest 95bps premium over the new 10-year senior tranche and a spread of 462.7bps over the 10-year UST, which is inside where KKB launched its USD 100 million 10NC5 LTII transaction in March 2004 (465bps spread over the UST)
- The 462.7bps spread over the benchmark implies a step-up after year 10 of 3-month Libor+619.05bps, based on a 412.7bps Libor spread at issue. The significance of this step-up prompted investors to view this offering as a 10-year transaction
- The Hybrid Tier 1 bond was issued in form of "Loan Perpetual Notes" issued on a limited recourse basis by an SPV (Kazkommerts Finance 2 B.V.) for tax efficiency purposes
- JPMorgan assisted KKB from the very beginning with execution of the Hybrid Tier 1 transaction, first introducing the product, preparing the tender process and later structuring and marketing the transaction
- JPMorgan acted as a structuring house for the Hybrid Tier 1
- For the hybrid instrument to qualify as KKB's equity, JPMorgan assisted in the effort of educating and lobbying the structure with the local regulator, who subsequently adopted the vast majority of the originally proposed terms





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JPMorgan lead-manages Astana Finance's debut \$125 million bond offering



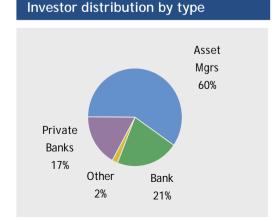
Key transaction terms			
Issuer:	Astana Finance BV		
Guarantor:	JSC Astana Finance		
Ratings:	Ba1/BB+ (Moody's/Fitch)		
Issue size:	\$125m		
Settlement date:	February 16, 2006		
Maturity date:	February 16, 2009		
Coupon:	7.625% s/a		
Issue price:	99.41%		
Yield:	7.85% (3-year UST + 328pbs)		
Listing	London		
Sole bookrunner	JPMorgan		
Joint lead manager	TuranAlem Securities		

Transaction highlights

- On February 7, JPMorgan successfully priced Astana Finance's \$125 million 3year debut bond transaction
- Astana Finance received a very favourable reception from international investors as its' distinguished credit story as a non-bank and the City of Astana's 30.1% ownership offered an excellent diversification / unique quasi-sovereign investment opportunity
- The transaction also benefited from a comprehensive marketing campaign, which covered 7 financial centres in Europe and Asia
- On the back of a very strong order book, which was 3.8x oversubscribed, the deal was increased from \$100 million to \$125 million
- The strong investor demand, which was primarily driven by high quality asset managers in Europe and also included some new investors to Kazakhstan, allowed JPMorgan to revise price talk and price the deal at a re-offer yield of 7.85%, 15 bps inside of the original announcement
- The coupon of 7.625% marks the lowest coupon of any 3-year bond transaction from Kazakhstan
- The transaction has performed very well in the secondary market, trading up to 99.75% at the end of the first trading day
- This transaction marks JPMorgan's 9th debut transaction from Kazakhstan and further underlines our strong leadership in bringing borrowers from Kazakhstan to the international markets (i.e. market share of over 30% since 2000)
- JPMorgan has lead-managed all of Kazakhstan's non-bank bond offerings to date







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